

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST
FINE.
Barometer 29.80

August 5th, 1912, Temperature a.m. 80, p.m. 83; Humidity...91, 81.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)
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August 6th, 1911, Temperature a.m. 79, p.m. 80; Humidity...92, 80.

No. 8358

號五廿月六年子壬

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1912.

三拜禮

號七月八英港香

836 THE ASTOR
SINGL COPT 10 CENTS

TELEGRAMS.

THE TEST MATCH.

AFRICA'S GOOD LEAD.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 6.
The Test Match was continued in dull and showery weather. Resuming play, the South Africans carried their over-night score of 208 for eight wickets to 329, at which total all were dismissed. White contributed 59 not out. Australia then went to the wickets, but were all disposed of for 210, the best score being 56 by Bardsley.

ROOSEVELT CONVENTION

GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

London, August 6.
A message from Chicago states that the National Progressive Convention opened amid great enthusiasm, many wearing red bandanna handkerchiefs, the Progressive emblem. Mr. Roosevelt was not present.

NEGROES EXPELLED

The National Committee, sitting to decide disputed contests, prior to the opening of the Convention, expelled the southern negroes, who are indignant and threaten to hold a mass meeting in protest.

Mr. Roosevelt's programme includes a Sickness and Age Insurance scheme similar to that of Mr. Lloyd George's.

THE "PLATFORM."

Later.
Reuter's Chicago correspondent states that Mr. Roosevelt, speaking at the National Progressive Convention, explained his platform, which constitutes a direct appeal to the people. He emphasised that the people should hold in check every branch of the public service, demanded a rigorous regulation of Trusts and unfolded elaborate plans to secure better conditions of labour, minimum wages, workmen's compensation, insurance, old age pensions, etc., as well as a searching enquiry into the cost of living. He advocated that the Panama Canal tolls for ocean traffic should be the same for all nations, but that there should be free passage through the canal for American coastwise trade.

The Credentials Committee decided by 17 votes to 16 to exclude negro delegates from the Convention. The negroes intend appealing to Mr. Roosevelt.

TURKISH CRISIS.

SULTAN IGNORES CHAMBER

London, August 6.
A message from Reuter's agent at Constantinople states that the President of the Chamber went to the Palace to inform the Sultan of the vote of censure, but His Majesty refused to receive him. An Imperial rescript was read in the Chamber stating that the Cabinet enjoyed the full confidence of the Sultan.

It is reported that the Cabinet has decided to arrest some of the principal members of the Committee of Union and Progress, including Talaat Bey and Djavid Bey.

IRON BARS.

RISE IN PRICE.

London, August 6.
The Midland iron-miners have announced an increase of ten shillings per ton in the price of iron bars. This makes the present price the highest for a period of eleven years.

TELEGRAMS.

HOME POLITICS.

MAJORITY OF 29

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 6.
In the House of Commons the Appropriation Bill was passed for third reading by 191 votes to 162. The Opposition took the unusual step of demanding a division. The Ministerialists were apprehensive owing to the small attendance of Liberals, despite the whips. Sixty-two Nationalists and 32 Labourites saved the Government from defeat.

The House of Commons adjourned at 3.30, after a number of divisions, that on finance being the lowest majority.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

Later.
The party whips have agreed to adjourn Parliament to-morrow. The Sugar Convention will be debated on the motion for adjournment.

TURKEY'S NEW TROUBLE

MONTENEGRIN AFFAIR.

London, August 6.
Reuter's correspondent at Cetinje wires that the Turkish Minister has demanded satisfaction for the frontier fight within 24 hours, otherwise a diplomatic rupture will follow.

MORE FIGHTING.

Later.
A further message from Cetinje states that frontier fighting between the Turks and Montenegrins was continued throughout yesterday.

The Montenegrins were ordered to retire from the border and adopt a defensive policy. The Turks, however, crossed over and attacked them, but were repulsed with loss by the infantry and artillery.

General Vuxotich has been ordered to the scene and is empowered to urge the Turks to common action so as to restore tranquillity.

TURKISH REVERSE.

The Montenegrins followed the Turks over the frontier and captured three fortified positions.

THE CABINET.

LATEST REPORTS.

London, Aug. 6.
The newspapers are busy constructing the Cabinet. They concur in believing that the Master of Elibank will shortly be promoted and that Lord Morley will remain till Home Rule is passed.

The "Daily Chronicle" states that the Master of Elibank will succeed Lord Cromer, who may become Lord Privy Seal.

The "Daily News" says Earl Beauchamp may become Secretary of State for India.

SUGAR CONVENTION.

MR. HARCOURT'S REGRETS

London, August 6.
The Right Hon. Mr. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has telegraphed to the Governors of the sugar-producing Colonies announcing Britain's withdrawal from the Sugar Convention, regretting the necessity for adopting a policy which does not commend itself to these Colonies and confidently anticipating that their interests will not be materially affected.

He concludes by stating that the Protocols, signed by other Powers guarantee that bounties will not be revived for a period of five years.

TELEGRAMS.

FIRES IN RUSSIA.

OUTBREAKS IN PALACES.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 6.
A St. Petersburg telegram reports that fire broke out yesterday afternoon in a timber-yard on Petrovski Island. It rapidly spread and destroyed fifty warehouses and other buildings, including the Palace of Peter the Great. A fire also broke out at 11 p.m. in the palace of the grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna.

TELEGRAMS.

THE PERU ATROCITIES.

A BRITISH ENQUIRY.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 6.
During question-time in the House of Commons, Mr. Asquith announced that a Select Committee will be appointed to inquire whether any responsibility rests on the British Directors of the Peruvian Amazon Company for the atrocities at Putumayo, and whether any changes in Company law are desirable.

TELEGRAMS.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

APPOINTMENTS DEFENDED.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 6th.
Mr. Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, defended in the House of Commons the appointment of Mr. D'Eyncourt, naval architect of the firm of Messrs. Armstrong, Whitworth & Co., to be Director of Naval Construction, and said that he had been most anxious to make an appointment satisfactory to the Admiralty. He refused to apologise for the appointment of Lord Fisher as Chairman of the Commission appointed to inquire into the use of oil fuel for the Navy. There had been no Naval Administrator within living memory whose abilities were so rare and so distinguished. The fact that the Commission was sitting would not delay any action by the Admiralty regarding oil fuel, and steps had been taken with reference to the development of oil supplies within the Empire.

OFFICERS FROM LOWER DECK.

London, August 6.
The Admiralty has issued the scheme for opening the commissioned ranks to the lower deck, whereby 100 or more men under 25 years of age will be able to rise to commanderships, and warrant officers to attain commissioned rank after 15 years' service.

THE CHINESE REPUBLIC.

A REVOLT.

(From Chinese Sources.)

Peking, August 6.
General Chang Huan has led his soldiers in looting at Takchow, and has joined the local ruffians in the creation of trouble. It is also reported that the General named, after obtaining \$30,000 from President Yuan, is appropriating the same to buying arms and ammunition preparatory to a rising against the Republican Government.

DALAI LAMA.

The Dalai Lama of Tibet is fleeing to India. "Shat Po."

THE PARTITION "SCARE."

Shanghai, August 6.
Liu Yuk-lan, Chinese Minister at the Court of St. James, has telegraphed to President Yuan reporting a secret conference of the foreign Ministers in London regarding the partition of China.

INDEED!

It is said that the French Minister at Peking has informed President Yuan that it is a mistake for the Republican Government to be going into mourning on account of the death of the Japanese Emperor, as a Republic never mourns the death of a King or Emperor.

COMPANY SQUABBLE.

The Committee of the China Merchants Steamship Co. has held a meeting on the question of bonuses. Wan Chun-yao, attacked Chien Kai-feng and incited others to oppose him. A free fight ensued. "Shat Po."

THE LOAN QUESTION.

Peking, August 6.
The American Minister at Peking has advised President Yuan not to raise big loans, and has said that it is more advisable to raise small loans to meet emergencies.

THE OLD STORY.

Many of the members of the State Council have sent in their resignations on account of the interference of the troops and the police during the nominations of Cabinet Ministers. President Yuan has asked the Premier to do his best to retain them.

A POSTAL MOVEMENT.

A society for the development of the postal communications in China has been formed with Liang Si-yi as President. The object of the Society is to restore the rights of postal communications in China from foreigners. "Bei Kai Keng Yik To."

M. M. COMPANY.

THE STRIKE OVER.

Reuter's

(Service to the "Telegraph.")

London, August 6.

A message from Marseilles states that after a prolonged strike, the officers and engineers of the Messageries Maritimes have resumed work, accepting in advance the decision of the Arbitration Court.

NEW ZEALAND.

THE NEW GOVERNOR.

London, August 6.
Lord Liverpool has been appointed Governor of New Zealand, in succession to Baron Islington.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Lord Liverpool has been appointed Governor of New Zealand.

As a result of the Midland iron-miners raising the price of bar iron by ten shillings a ton, the price is now the highest for eleven years.

A fire which broke out in a timber yard at Petrovski Island destroyed fifty warehouses and other buildings, including the palace of Peter the Great.

Frontier fights between the Turks and Montenegrins continue, the Montenegrins having followed the Turks over the frontier and captured three fortified positions.

After a prolonged strike, the officers and engineers of the Messageries Maritimes have resumed work, agreeing to accept the decision of the Arbitration Court in advance.

Mr. Churchill has defended in the House of Commons the appointment of Mr. D'Eyncourt as Naval Constructor and Lord Fisher as Chairman of the Naval Commission.

During the storms and floods during the week-end at Home, seventeen people were drowned while bathing, fishing or boating, including Major Ionides, who served in South Africa.

Mr. Asquith has announced that a Select Committee is to be appointed to inquire whether any responsibility rests on the British Directors of the Peruvian Amazon Co. for the atrocities at Putumayo, and whether any changes in Company law are desirable.

In the House of Commons the Opposition took the unusual step of demanding a division on the Appropriation Bill, and the Government, who were saved by the Labour and Nationalist vote, only had a majority of 29.

The Admiralty has issued its scheme for the opening of commissioned ranks to the lower deck. By it a hundred or more under 25 years will be able to rise to Commanderships, while warrant officers may attain commissioned rank after 15 years' service.

The Sultan of Turkey has refused to receive the President of the Chamber on his going to inform His Majesty of the vote of censure on the Government. An Imperial Rescript has been read in the Chamber stating that the Cabinet enjoys the full confidence of the Sultan.

Mr. Roosevelt unfolded his "platform" at the National Progressive Convention. It advocates a rigorous regulation of Trusts, better conditions of labour, minimum wages, workmen's compensation, insurance, old age pensions, a searching enquiry into the cost of living, and uniform tolls for ocean traffic of all nations on the Panama Canal, but free passage through the canal for American coastwise trade.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

South Africa have a comfortable lead in the Test match, their first innings score of 320 contrasting with Australia's 210.

In communicating to the Governors of the sugar-producing Colonies the decision of withdrawal from the Sugar Convention, Mr. Harcourt says the Protocols signed by the other Powers guarantee that bounties will not be revived for a period of five years.

LOCAL.

By the means of the banknote trick two men have relieved a Chinese woman of \$232.

A man who is alleged to have stolen over a thousand pigeons from a Hongkong dealer has been extradited to Macao.

It is reported that robbers have paid a visit to the residence of the Austrian Consul, and taken away goods valued at \$46.

A boy who was knocked down by a tramcar in Morrison Hill Road, yesterday, has died in the hospital.

The plague returns for last week show a marked decrease. There were only 15 cases and 13 deaths.

The ranks of Cathedral choir have been somewhat depleted of late, owing to sickness and absence of some of the members.

In preparation for the erection of the new terminal station at Kowloon, the site is being cleared.

Two Chinese, trespassing on the railway between Shatin and Taiipo, were killed by express trains yesterday.

A man has been arrested with seven pounds of morphine in his possession, and at the Police Court, to-day, he was remanded, bail being fixed at \$1,000.

The Mr. Hon. H. E. Pollock states in a letter to-day that he sees no prospect of being able to go away on a holiday for many weeks to come.

Yesterday His Excellency the Governor made an inspection of land at Shataukok in connection with the construction of a light railway there.

The appeal case which has already occupied three days, and which was expected to end yesterday afternoon, took a turn which involved the extension of the hearing for another day.

Messrs. J. W. Kew & Co., have just added another large boat to the motor-boat fleet running between Wuchow and Nanning, and last evening it was taken on a trial run.

Two men appeared at the Police Court, to-day, charged with being members of an unlawful society. The charge against one man was eventually withdrawn, and the other was remanded on bail of \$1,000.

L.S. Wills whilst searching the quarters of a Chinese in connection with the jewel robbery at Durbar House, Kowloon, found papers in his box concerning an unlawful society. At the Police Court, to-day, the man was charged with being a member of the society.

Notice



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FINEST OLD SCHIEDAM

\$14.00 per Case of 12 Quarts
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SAMPLE BOTTLES FREE
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IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO LET ROOMS.
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KOBE, HONGKONG AND RANGOON.

EASTWARD.

The S.S. "MUTIRA," 4,644 tons, Captain H. Ostry, will be despatched for YOKOHAMA and KOBE on the 17th Aug. at Noon, to be followed on the 28th August by S.S. "ITINDA," Captain A. J. Evans, taking Cargo and Passengers at current rates.

WESTWARD.

The S.S. "POLTALA," 4,154 tons, Captain H. W. Tallent, will leave Hongkong for SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON on the 9th August, at Noon, followed by S.S. "FAZILKA," Capt. Cummin, sailing direct to Rangoon on the 8th August at Noon, taking cargo and passengers at current rates.

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences.
For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
AGENTS.

Telephone No. 215,
Hongkong, 2nd August, 1912

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**THE LEEDS FORGE CO.,
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Specialists in the Manufacture of RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK
of every description.
Pioneers in the Design and Manufacture of
PRESSED STEEL UNDERFRAMES and BOGIES and ALL-
STEEL RAILWAY WAGONS.

The Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents in
Hongkong and China.

**THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING CO.,
OF HONGKONG, LTD.**

Agents.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Hongkong, 23rd September, 1911.

Hotels

HONGKONG HOTEL
A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1911.

J. H. FAGGART,
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GRAND HOTEL.

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, ACCOMMODATION, CLEAN-
LINESS, AND COLD DRINKS.

UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

Tel. 197.

F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

ASTOR HOUSE

(LATE CONNAUGHT HOTEL.)
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

CENTRALLY situated, up-to-date Hotel, Recently renovated, and under
entirely New Management. Large and Comfortable Rooms, Excellent
Cuisine under the supervision of an Experienced FRENCH CHEF, and
separate Tables, Hot and Cold Baths, Electric Light throughout. Terms
moderate. First Class accommodation for Families and Tourists.

For particulars and rates apply to

Proprietors.
Telephone, 179. Telegrams "Astor."

**OPEN AIR SKATING RINK
at
BELLE VIEW HOTEL**

Telephone No. 907.

Sessions: 10 a.m. to 12 Noon, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Admission 25 cents.
5 p.m. to 8 p.m. 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. Admission 50 cents.
String Band will play at the above Hotel every Sunday, commencing at 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.

W. GALLAGHER, Manager.

**KING EDWARD
HOTEL.**

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

Under European Management.

Electric Light and Lifts.

Latest Improvements.

Reasonable Rates.

Telephone 375.

H. HAYNES,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912.

**THE TAIWAN
RAILWAY
HOTEL.**

TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

Under the Direct Management of the
Taiwan Railway Dept.

EXCELLENT CUISINE AND
GOOD SERVICE. RATES
6 YEN AND UP.

Uniformed hotel porter meets all
trains and steamers. Luggage are
ranged for without any trouble to
guests.

Hongkong, 1st Feb., 1912.

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TAILORS

1, WYNDHAM STREET (Flower St.) ESTABLISHED 1860.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912.

THE FAMINE IN CHINA.

EIGHT Famous Districts with an
area of 30,000 square miles.
Two and a half million people
lacking starvation.

PLEASE SEND YOUR CONTRI-
BUTION TO-DAY.

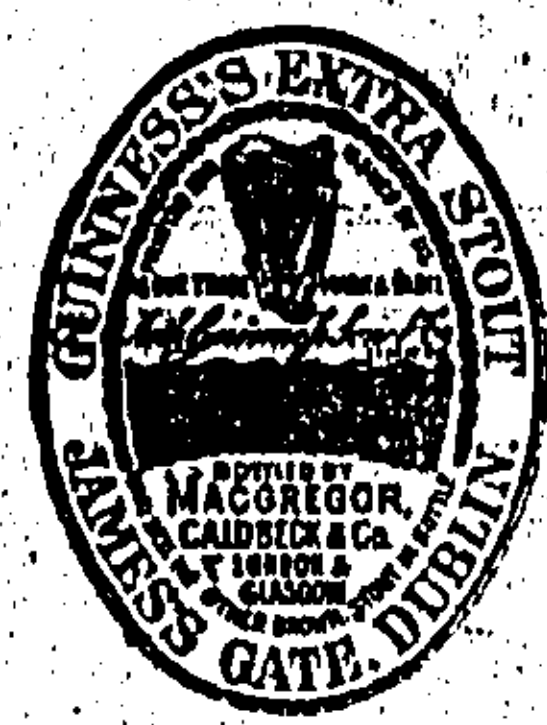
IT WILL HELP TO SAVE LIFE.

Treasurer, H. C. GULLAND, Esq.,
Manager, International Banking Cor-
poration, Shanghai.

Hongkong, 24th January, 1912.

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THE WELL-KNOWN
"HORSEHEAD,"**



BRAND.

Sole Agents,

CALDBECK

MACGREGOR & CO.

HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, TIENTSIN
and KUALA LUMPUR.

Hongkong, 25th January, 1912.

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VICTORIA THEATRE

THE COOLEST HALL IN TOWN.

2 Performances Daily:—

7.15 p.m. Pictures Only.

9.15 p.m. Full Programme

Matinees:—

Saturdays 4.30 p.m.

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From FRIDAY, August 9,

THE

GRAND FILM OF 4,500 Feet

THE

MYSTERY OF THE GLASS

COFFIN.

GREAT SUCCESS!!

Miss Addie Leigh, the Eminent

Soprano.

Hongkong, 7th Aug., 1912.

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YOUR EYES.

If your sight is failing, or your

eyes trouble you come in and have

them examined.

It costs you nothing.

WE ARE

PRACTICAL

OPTICIANS.

And can grind any lenses, or

make a new pair of Spectacles

on the premises. Don't

throw your frames away; have

them repaired by

N. LAZARUS,

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1A, D'Arquill Street, Hongkong

FOR SALE.

OLD CHINA CUPON.

A fine lot of China Vases:

1. Sang de L'oeuf (Ming Dynasty).

2. Hong Hse, black ground with red, rose,

(48 inches).

3. Hong Hse, black ground with red, rose,

(48 inches).

4. Hong Hse, black ground with white rose,

(48 inches).

5. pair Ming Dynasty square shaped a black ground

with seasonal flowers.

6. pair Hong Hse, black ground with five colour

rose (48 inches).

And a lot of brown colour, white colour, pink

colour, blue, and blue pottery, Ming Pottery,

Hong Hse five colour, Kien Long five colour,

apple red, etc.

These vases are seldom to be seen in

any part of the world. They are famous

for their beauty and effect.

Purchasers are respectfully requested

to call any time at WING SHING

HONG, No. 87, Bonham St. West,

Hongkong.

Hongkong, 6th July, 1912.

1503

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LOAN AND MORTGAGE

CO., LTD.

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Loans on Mortgage of House Property

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Goods received on Storage.

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Loans made on the Provident System

(Rates and Particulars on application).

THE OHWA PROVIDENT

CO., LTD.

TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF

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Underwritten and Executed

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

General Managers

Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912.

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OUR
CONTEMPORARIES

South China Morning Post.

Situation in the South.

Critics may review the immediate past as they will, but we venture to assert there is a growing and abiding sense of patriotism among some of the Chinese here as well as in Kwangtung. Only last week we learned of boys and coolies at one of the most prominent hotels in Hongkong voluntarily contributing out of their meagre financial resources, small sums towards the "Save China" fund in Canton. This is a spirit which challenges criticism. If it animates a nation ultimately there can be no fear as to a people's destiny. In distant parts of Kwangtung and beyond in Kwangsi, officials and people are accepting the new order. There is less ory about cruel persecution and barbarous executions, and if the onlookers are but charitable we shall see the south at least emerging from the dark night of superstition into the rich sunlight of enlightenment. Progress is being made, slowly but persistently, and information to hand strengthens our faith in the honesty and integrity of men who are fighting to-day for reform and retrenchment in the administration of South China.

China Mail.

Liberalism and Labour.

Whether the Labour Party are indulging in some degree of bluff or are on the verge of declaring war to the knife, is immaterial. More to the point is the monstrous fact that a Government, dependent for its existence on the good will of cliques making no pretension to disinterested motives, should continue to advance vast schemes of destructive legislation for which it has no kind of mandate. Unionists will enter on the impending contests with the more vigour because they have the best reasons to believe that, whether peace is patched up temporarily or not, the ultimate collapse of the Coalition cannot be long delayed.

There need be no doubt but that the Labour Party will endeavour to be as strongly represented as possible at the next General Election and the time may not be far distant when the great political tussle will be between the Labourites and the Conservatives.

Daily Press.

Chinese Finance.

Mr. Lu Cheng-hsing, the Chinese Premier, has recently issued a memorandum setting forth his ideas for the reorganization of his country's finances. It exhibits the mixture of shrewd enlightenment and antiquated stupidity and exclusiveness which one gets into the habit of looking for in a document of this kind. It is a striking proof of advance to find the Prime Minister of China looking to the stimulation of agriculture and industry as a way of developing the country's resources and increasing her prosperity, and it is equally noteworthy to find him not shrinking from advocating the raising of loans on a large scale for this purpose. He does not, as he well might, go a step further and advise a wholesale opening-up of the vast mineral wealth of the land with foreign assistance, but even without that, his remarks in this connection show real enlightenment, so the contrast is all the more painful when we find him recommending, as a means of improving the revenue, the dismissal of the foreigners employed in the Customs and the appointment in their places of Chinese superintendents. We doubt whether Mr. Lu really believes in this himself—he must know that the Customs provide China with her only clean and reliable revenue, and that the withdrawal of the foreign employees would mean the ruin of the Service—but he knows that there are among the republican officials some who would rejoice in carrying their anti-foreign feeling to the extent of ousting the foreign Customs staff, and that there are others who would like to see the various Commissioners dismissed so that they themselves might get lucrative posts with plenty of opportunities for feathering their nests, and so he allows himself to indulge in this anti-foreign sentiment in order to win the approval of his colleagues.

**WM. POWELL,
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NOW SHOWING

THE LATEST DESIGNS

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FAST COLOURS.

LARGE STOCK

OF

GRETONNES

FOR

CURTAINS, DRAPERIES

AND

LOOSE COVERS

MODERATE PRICES.

William Powell

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FURNISHERS.

GENERAL NEWS.

Synthetic Products.

The "Straits Times" of July 31 observes: "In our leader yesterday we said that 'Synthetic Products' which asked for half a million sterling got less than half that amount from the public. A leading local banker informs us that the attempted flotation was a complete fiasco, and that he has information from absolutely reliable sources to the effect that the few subscribers for shares have had their money returned. So the Plantation shareholders need not shake in their shoes quite yet."

China's Mineral Resources.

The "Rangoon Gazette," of July 22, says among the passengers of the Damer which left Rangoon on Friday for Penang, the F.M.S. and Singapore, were the Hon. Mr. Sung Main Yuen, manager of the Soin Chuan Bank of Shanghai and special commissioner of industries deputed by the President of the Chinese Republic to visit India and Burma and other eastern places where there are large Chinese communities for the purpose of interesting the leading and wealthy men of these communities in the formation of companies to develop the mineral resources of China. The special commissioner, whose stay in Rangoon was short, was the guest of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce while here. He was accompanied by two secretaries.

Tuberculosis to be Extinct in 30 Years.

Speaking at Camberley, Sir James Orlinton-Brown said that in another thirty years tuberculosis would be extinct in Britain. Science was so rapidly advancing that he hoped year by year they would be able entirely to control mental and nervous diseases.

Baby in a Milk-Box.

On July 30, a rikishi coolie brought to the Rikishi depot at Singapore what purported to be a case of milk. He stated that a Chinaman had hired his rikishi and had gone to Clyde Terrace Market where he told the puller to wait. After some considerable time the puller went in search of his fare, and, not being able to find him, he took the case to the Depot. On it being opened there the body of a child was found inside. The police now have the matter in hand.

Bogus Huntley and Palmers.

In the second court at Singapore on July 30, a Chinese trader was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment for selling locally made biscuits in Messrs. Huntley and Palmers's tins, to which Messrs. W. and R. Jacob and Co.'s labels had been attached. Detective Inspector Tyrrell prosecuted. Mr. G. S. Carrer watched the case on behalf of Messrs. Huntley and Palmers.

Calcutta's Cotton-gambling Epidemic.

Having failed to stop cotton gambling by proceeding against the offenders for gambling the Calcutta police have decided to charge the offenders under the public nuisance act for obstructing the thoroughfares and at the police court on Friday a Marwari Kul Chandi was fined Rs. 100 or two months' imprisonment and warned that if again brought up on a similar charge he ran the risk of being sent to jail without option.

Sale of The Pink 'Un.
The purchase of the "Sporting Times" and its amalgamation with the recently established "Looking Glass" was announced in the last issue of the last-named newspaper.

Crowded Cables.
On account of the death of the Emperor, the cables from Japan to Shanghai have been crowded with private despatches and the press messages have been arriving fifteen hours late. Consequently there has been a dearth of news from Tokyo, and not until the wires have been cleared will the press reports begin to come in regularly.

Singapore Horses did not like

"The realistic noise of battle which accompanied the playing of Tchaikovsky's '1812' by the Buffs band in the Gardens on July 20 was too much for the horses yoked to carriages near the bandstand. There was a general restlessness among them and some of the animals had to be unyoked. Mr. Hagedorn's horse managed to smash the carriage with his capriole."—Straits Times.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(Continued from page 5.)

"As a general, he belonged to a remarkable class of captains, captains, we mean, whose fate it has been to lose almost all the battles which they have fought, and yet to be reputed stout and skilful soldiers. Such captains were Coligni and William the Third. We might perhaps add Marshal Soult to the list."

Again in his description of the Battle of Lenden Macaulay demonstrates precisely how defeat may compel admiration instead of disgust. In this battle the Duke of Luxembourg who was in command of the French forces inflicted defeat upon the English troops under William the Third. After narrating the story of the fight Macaulay writes: "A London two poor sickly things, who in a rude state of society, would have been regarded as too puny to bear any part in combats, were the souls of two great armies. In some heathen countries they would have been exposed while infants. But their lot had fallen on a time when men had discovered that the strength of the muscles is far inferior in value to the strength of the mind. It is probable—that among the hundred and twenty thousand soldiers who were marshalled round Neerwinden under all the standards of Western Europe, the two feeblest in body were the lunchbucked dwarf who urged forward the fiery onset of France, and the asthmatic skeleton who covered the slow retreat of England."

"In truth the ability and vigor with which William repaid his terrible defeat might well excite admiration. In one respect said the Admiral Coligni I may claim superiority over Alexander, over Scipio, over Caesar. They won great battles it is true. I have lost four great battles; and yet I show to the enemy a more formidable front than ever. The blood of Coligni ran in the veins of William; and with the blood had descended the unconquerable spirit which could derive from failure as much glory as happier commanders owed to success."

Thackeray like Macaulay could accurately weigh in his keen discerning mind the true respective values of Success and Failure, as is shown by his handling of the subject of Wolfe's victory at Quebec whereon he wrote:—

"On the 14th of October following the Rodney cutter arrived with the sad news in England. The attack had failed, the Chief was sick, the army dwindling, the beleaguered city so strong that assault was almost impossible; the only chance was to fight the Marquis of Montcalm upon terms of less disadvantage than attacking his intrenchments, and if possible, to draw him from his present position. Would the French chief, whose military genius was known in Europe fall into such a snare? No wonder there were pale looks in the City at the news, and doubt and gloom wherever it was known."

"Three days after this first melancholy intelligence came the famous letters announcing that wonderful consummation of fortune with which Mr. Wolfe's wonderful career ended. If no man is to be styled happy till his death, what shall we say of this one? His end was so glorious, that I protest not even his mother nor his mistress ought to have deplored it, or at any rate have wished him alive again. I know it is a hero we speak of; and yet I now I scarce know whether in the last act of his life I admire the result of genius, invention, daring, or the boldness of a gambler winning surprising odds. Suppose his desperate discovery of a 'hot hour' sooner, and his people, as they would

"have been, unshakably, beaten back? Suppose the Marquis of Montcalm not to quit his intrenched lines to accept that strange challenge? Suppose these points—and none of them depended upon Mr. Wolfe at all—and what become of the young hero, of the great Minister who discovered him, of the intemperate nation which rose up in arms with self congratulation at the victory. I say what fate is it that shapes our ends or those of nations?"

The other question touched upon in your Article, namely who was the real Author of the Letters of Junius? is dealt with by both Macaulay and Lord Campbell and both arrive at the positive conclusion that Sir Philip Francis was the man. Lord Campbell supports his contention with a lengthy letter from Sir Philip Francis's widow to himself, which he sets out in extenso. Macaulay on the other hand contents himself with a series of comparisons and with the deductions he is enabled to make therefrom and remarks: "was he (Francis) the author of the Letters of 'Junius'? Our own belief is that he was. The evidence is so thick such as would support a verdict in a civil, nay, in a criminal proceeding."

I have before me as I write a copy (in two Volumes) of the first authorised Edition of the famous Letters, which was published in 1772—on the title page of the first Volume whereof appears the following:—

Junius.
"Stat Nominis Umbra"
Vol. I.
London
Printed for Henry Sampson Woodfall in Paternoster Row MDCCLXXII.
The Preface covering some 22 duodecimo pages commences "The encouragement given to a multitude of spurious magazines publications of the letters of Junius, persuades me, that a complete edition, corrected and improved by the Author, will be favourably received. The printer will readily acquit me of any view to my own profit. I undertake this troublesome task, merely to serve a man who has deserved well of me, and of the public; and who, on my account, has been exposed to an expensive, tyrannical prosecution. For these reasons, I give to Mr. Henry Sampson Woodfall, and to him alone, my right, interest and property in these letters, as fully and completely, to all intents and purposes, as an author can possibly convey his property in his works to another."

Of the effects of the Letters Macaulay remarks "Junius had taken the field, had trampled Sir William Draper in the dust, had well nigh broken the heart of Blackstone, and had so managed the reputation of the Duke of Grafton that his grace had become sick of office, and was beginning to look wistfully towards the shades of Euston."

Junius was taunted by Sir William Draper with concealing his identity, but the taunts failed to secure revelation, severe though they undoubtedly were; witness the following:—"I received Junius' favour last night; he is determined to keep his advantage by the help of his mask; it is an excellent protection, it has saved many a man from an untimely end. But whenever he will be honest enough to lay it aside, avow himself, and produce the face which has so long lurked behind it, the world will be able to judge of his motives for writing such infamous invectives. His real name will discover his freedom and independency, or his servility to a faction."

and Junius (whoever he was) remained the sole depositary of his own secret, which did with him—so that (to paraphrase the motto appearing beneath his pseudonym on the title page of the first authorised edition of his Letters)—he stands masked for all time."

Prepaid Advertisements.

ONE CENT PER WORD for each insertion.

WANTED.

WANTED to purchase a Rubber Tyred Bicycle (second-hand). Write stating Maker's name, Condition and Price to B. J. c/o Hongkong Telegraph.

Hongkong, 5th Aug. 1912. [560]

EXPERIENCED Stenographer and Typist. References. Apply stating salary required to XXX, c/o Hongkong Telegraph.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1912. [553]

REQUIRED at once a Bookkeeper with a thorough knowledge of accounts. Good Testimonials essential. Non workers need not apply. Box A.B.C., c/o Hongkong Telegraph.

Hongkong, 3rd July, 1912. [551]

COMPETENT Stenographer and Typist (Male) for Solicitor's Office. Apply "Box," A, c/o The Hongkong Telegraph.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1912. [556]

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED. "Lowndes," No. 110, The Peak. Possession October 16th, 1912. Full particulars of price or rent can be obtained from Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, Solicitors, Prince's Buildings, 100, House Street.

Hongkong, 25th July 1912. [544]

TO LET.

TO LET on 2nd Floor No. 2, Pedder Street. One roomed Office. Apply Property Office, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Hongkong, 22nd May, 1912. [538]

If in truth Sir Philip Francis were Junius, it can at least be said of him that under his real name he displayed all the rancour and biased hatred which forms the very life blood of his letters—for not only did he at one of the Councilors of the Governor-General and Council for India fight a duel with Warren Hastings, the Governor-General, wherein he was worsted, but he subsequently formed one of Hastings' most bitter accusers in the House of Commons, and was indeed only excluded from becoming one of the Managers in connection with Hastings' impeachment after a strenuous debate upon that very subject.

Yours etc.

"Ignotus"

Hongkong, August 5, 1912.

S.S. YOKOHAMA MARU.

N.Y.K.'s Handsome New Steamer.

The new N.Y.K. str. Yokohama Maru arrival here on her maiden trip yesterday from Victoria, B.O. The new vessel is a handsome craft 415 feet in length, 50 feet beam and 30 feet depth of hold. She is classed A 1 at Lloyd's and has a double bottom throughout. She is propelled by two sets of triple expansion engines driving twin screws, her speed being between 17 and 18 knots. She carries 28 first class and 288 steerage passengers. The saloon is a cosy apartment and is equipped with a long dining table down the centre in addition to smaller ones for parties. The cabins are two berthed while there are several family ones of four berths. The alleyways connect with all the various departments and cabins, thus affording good shelter in rough weather. The vessel is also fully equipped with wireless telegraph, and to insure fresh food throughout the voyage she has a large up-to-date refrigerating plant. For the handling of cargo she has one thirty-ton derrick, eight six-ton derricks and two three-ton cranes. On the whole, the vessel is most up-to-date and is certain to prove a favourite in the Trans-Pacific trade.

O T.
No doubt you are full of interest to know what will shortly appear in this space

A call on
GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
will enlighten you on the subject

Notices

TO KEEP
COOL
WEAR
THE
LIGHTEST
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SHAW'S



only.
IN TENNIS, DAY, TUNIC and undershirts. PRUNK DRAWERS
J. T. SHAW
HONGKONG HOTEL.
21, Queen's Road.

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.

PLUNKET'S GAP

The Peak,
near the Tram Terminus
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MANAGER.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS, AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGEMASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

THE WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS
By the OXY-ACETYLENE SYSTEM
Modern Appliances for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.
Hydraulic and Pneumatic Tools, installed throughout the Works.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING CO.
OF HONGKONG, LIMITED.
TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG

GRAVING DOCK
787 ft. by 88 ft. by 24 ft. 6 in.
Pumps empty Dock in 2 1/2 hours.

CHINESE PATENT SHIPWAYS taking vessels up to 2,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-TON ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES THROUGHOUT THE SHIPWAY RANGE UP TO 100 TONS.
60-TON HYDRAULIC TESTING MACHINE FOR CRANES, IRON BOILERS, RIVETS, Etc.
Belonging given for Docking, Repairs to Hull and Machinery, Constructional Work.
DOCKYARD MANAGERS: M. J. HUI, can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and Noon.
MAGAZINE AND ADDRESS: AT THE DOCK OFFICE.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN.

CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT
THE LOCK WOVEN
WIRE MESH SYSTEM.

Selected after competition with all other systems by the Advisory Board to His Majesty King George V as the sole reinforcement to be used in the construction of the New Water Works for Windsor Castle.

FULL PARTICULARS AND PRICES FROM
THE UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL AGENCY, LD.,
SOLE AGENTS.

THOS. COOK & SON,
Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents,
Bankers, &c.

Lead Office for the Far East:—16, DES VOEUX ROAD, HONGKONG
SHANGHAI: 2-8, Poochow Road. YOKOHAMA: 82, Water Street.

TICKETS SUPPLIED TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.
TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
SAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.
FOREIGN MONIES exchanged.

WATSON'S E

VERY OLD LIQUEUR.

SCOTCH WHISKY.

A BLEND OF THE FINEST PURE
MALT SCOTCH WHISKIES.

For over 30 Years WATSON'S 'E' has maintained

the reputation of the FINEST SCOTCH

WHISKY in the FAR EAST.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

MARRIAGE.

Thimabun—Bernard.—At the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Singapore, on July 24, by the Rev. Father Bingham, Aloysius Soundaram, Thimabun, of the Straits, Times Office, to Miss Agnes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. Bernard.

DEATH.

Vaz.—On July 31 at the Mansion, River Valley Road, Singapore August 1st.

The object of this paper is to publish correct information, to serve the truth and to print the news without fear or favour.

Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

Telephone: No. 1. A.B.C., 5th edition. Western Union

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1912.

WORDS—AND REALITIES.

"If anyone shall well consider the errors and obscurity, the mistakes and confusion, that are spread in the world by an ill use of words, he will find some reason to doubt whether language, as it has been employed, has contributed more to the improvement or hindrance of knowledge among mankind." The foregoing quotation from Locke forms the text for the most important section of Lord Morley's powerful speech at Manchester, some weeks since; and it is, it adds, "Disraeli as this thought must be, how especially perturbing to people with such questions before them as we are called upon to face to-day." Ours has been said to be essentially an age of the printed rather than the uttered word; of the book and the newspaper, far more than of the pulpit or the rostrum; yet—man being a creature of easily quickened, and more easily swayed, sympathies—the spoken word must always strike with more weight and more cleavage-force than that which is written. To this no one is more alive than the political agitator who mounts the platform with the gospel of discontent and sedition for a text, and "the mutable many" for an audience.

Happily for the Empire, this particular stamp of windbag (whereof we may regard Mr. Kier Hardie as a reasonably good example) has no great skill in word-juggling, and whenever he is misapprehended it is usually his own or his hearers' stupidity that is to blame. It is when the speaker, by virtue of (a) an abnormal cunning or of (b) a well-trained and cleverly applied dialectical faculty, is able to do more or less what he will with the truth, that he is dangerous to the community and the individual alike. Truth "twisted by knives to make a trap for fools" is at any time capable of more harm than the blackest lie—a statement to which probably many of those would now give ungrudging assent who in the past have been beguiled by the blandishments of (let us say) Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Claude Lowther.

But while thus allowing to the power of the spoken word its due weight, we have to keep strongly in mind the fact that it is "the written letter" which endures; ay, and more; which forms that very "public opinion" that, as Lord Morley so clearly indicates, is itself a somewhat variable quantity, owing to the equivocalness or the inadequacy of our mother-tongue and our own faulty grasp of it. In dwelling with such stress upon the all too common divorcement of word from meaning, of letter from spirit, the Chancellor of the Manchester University has at his back a chain of supporters—Plato, St. Paul, St. Augustine, "the Anglican Doctor," Bacon, Locke, Stuart Mill, John Henry Newman and a hundred others—who, being dead, yet speak, and each of whom stands out in the world's life-story as valuing plain meaning and square common sense high above mere erudition. Of these, Mill himself was not more wide-awake to the fallacy that lies in ill-chosen or over-strained parallels and analogies than Lord Morley shows himself to be when (to quote but odd instances) he argues that "a plausible parallel makes the politician feel sure of his ground," or—more forcibly—that "luciferous misapplications from Greece and Rome inspired some of the worst observations of the French revolution." Nor does he forget to remind his auditors that, even as we must ever distinguish sharply between truth and sham, so must we allow no compromise between ideal and fact. "Generous aspiration, exalted enthusiasm," he says, "is made to do duty for reasoned scrutiny; in other words, the best of us is liable to be carried beyond the highest good; by—in homely phrase—the wish being father to the thought."

But while we follow Lord Morley's contentions, illustrations and train of reasoning with unfeigned admiration, and while we may not pretend to deny that, at least in its higher and nobler acceptation, "democracy" means government working through public opinion, we would warn our readers that the very term "public opinion" is capable of as many misconstructions as (e.g.) the word "democracy" itself. Every thoughtful and conscientious man wants democracy—in so far as it may be the expression of the doctrines contained in the Sermon on the Mount; but we are not prepared to believe that the democracy conceived of by present-day "public opinion" has yet come near to fulfilling that lofty ideal. Until then!

DAY BY DAY.

There is nothing more eloquent of the hold that superstitions have over us than facts concerning patent medicines.

Mail Delivered.
The English mail of July 6 was delivered in London on August 6.

Austrian Consul Robbed.
The Austrian Consul has reported to the Police that someone entered his room through the window and has taken away goods to the value of \$46.

Alleged Theft of Pigeons.
A man has been extradited to Macao in connection with a charge of stealing 1,050 pigeons valued \$175. The pigeons belonged to a Hongkong dealer.

Arrivals.
Nine men of the 25th Punjab, arrived from India per P. & O. "Arcadia" on the 1st instant, and are taken on the strength of the Command accordingly.

The Cook and the Watch.
A cook who said he was employed by Mr. Brown, of Queen's College, was sent to goal for six weeks, by Mr. E. A. Irving, at the Police Court, this morning, for stealing a watch valued \$15, the property of a Chinese.

Library Visitors.
The following is the return of visitors to the City Hall Library and museum for the week ending the August 4:—

Library: Museum.	
Non-Chinese.....	429 170
Chinese.....	201 3,364
Total.....	630 3,534

Kowloon Railway Station.
In preparation for the erection of the new terminal railway station at Kowloon, the site is being cleared. All the godowns on the land recently acquired by the Government are being dismantled with the exception of a portion of one, which will be retained for use as a station pending the building of the new station.

The Cathedral Choir.
The ranks of the Cathedral Choir have been somewhat depleted of late owing to sickness and absence of some of the members on holiday, says "Church Notes." The full services have, however, been well rendered, but we should like to see the vacant places filled. There are vacancies for three sopranos, one contralto, one tenor and two basses, also for two boys.

Thanks for Gifts.
Rev. G. A. Bunbury, principal of the C. M. S. Training College, Canton, writing to acknowledge seventy-two dollars from the Peak Sunday School and twenty-two dollars fifty-seven cents from St. Paul's College Sunday School says, "Please convey to the children of the Peak Church and St. Paul's College Sunday School my warm thanks for their gifts to our Boys' School."

Thefts from the Cathedral.
Some miscreant last month broke open three of the alms boxes in the Cathedral. It would seem that he was disturbed at his work as in two cases he left some money in the box. A man was arrested on suspicion but nothing was proved against him. As the boxes are constantly opened and emptied they do not afford promising ground for the operations of thieves says "Church Notes."

A Promising Programme.
Amongst those booked to appear in the Palace Theatre, Mr. Austin, on Saturday next are the Brothers Mack in a song and dance composed by a well known local gentleman. This has been especially orchestrated by Bandmaster Moss for the occasion. Another item, which is likely to be greatly appreciated, is, "A few moments with Mr. R. M. Crosse and the Chief Composers." Miss Speedy is announced to do her world-renowned "high dive act," and this alone should pack the house.

Leave of Absence.
Leave of absence on the recommendation of a Medical Board to the neighbouring countries, is granted to Captain C.R.S. Bromley, R.G.A., August 8 to November 7, inclusive.

Leave of absence on private affairs, to the neighbouring countries, is granted to the undermentioned officers for the periods, stated:—

Lieut. D. Padesy, R.G.A. from August 14 to October 25, inclusive.

Lieut. A.W.S. Gibson, R.E. from August 13 to October 13, inclusive.

Body in the Harbour.
A dead body has been found in the Harbour.

Col. Wolfson in Hongkong.
Col. J. Wolfson of Manila is staying at the Hongkong Hotel.

Unlicensed Hawker.
For hawking without a licence, a fine of \$2 was imposed on a Chinese, at the Police Court, to-day.

Mails Arrived.
The following mails arrived to-day:—a.s. Princess Alice from Shanghai and Japan; a.s. Kleist from Europe and Singapore.

Dr. Moore Returns.
Dr. W. B. A. Moore, assistant superintendent of the Government Civil Hospital, returned to the Colony to-day by the s.s. Kleist.

Mr. Frank Groves Returns.
By the Princess Alice, Mr. Frank Groves, Engineer-in-Chief of the Chinese section of the Canton-Kowloon Railway, returned to-day after home leave. He made the journey back via Siberia, and will at once resume his duties at Canton.

Kailan Mining Administration.
The Kailan Mining Administration (Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., Ltd. in liquidation) has declared a dividend of 7.1-2 p.c., free of income tax, equivalent to 1s. 6d. per share, on account of the period ended 27th June, 1912. The dividend will be payable on and after the 12th August, 1912.

What Should the Charge Be?
At the Police Court, this morning, a man was charged with stealing a bag of rice. He was observed by a constable in Connaught Road Central, and, when questioned about the rice, did not give a satisfactory account and he was arrested.

Mr. Irving:—That bag has a chop on.

Inspector Sullivan:—Yes, but I cannot prove ownership.
Mr. Irving:—It seems to me the course for the prosecution is to make the charge "unlawful possession." I will remand the case.

S.S. Manchuria.
The "Japan Gazette" of July 20 remarks:—"The P.M. steamer Manchuria, which arrived at the Nagasaki Quarantine Station from Hongkong, via ports, at 11.30 a.m. to-day, has since been subjected to disinfection. It appears that a Filipino passenger who landed at Hongkong from the steamer, was found, on the 24th instant, to be suffering from plague. The vessel is expected to be released at about noon tomorrow. In that case she will be able to leave here for San Francisco on Sunday afternoon as scheduled."

KILLED ON THE RAILWAY.

Tresspassers, Run Down By Express Trains.

At different times yesterday two Chinese, trespassing on the line on the railway between Slatin and Tai-po were killed by trains. The first one was knocked down by the outward afternoon express and the other by the inward evening express. One of the men had apparently been lying across the rails, probably asleep, and he was practically cut in half.

Despite the obvious dangers of such a proceeding, Chinese continuously trespass on the permanent way, and the risk they run is made all the greater by the fact that the line is a single one and hence trains may approach tresspassers from either direction. This trespassing nuisance is giving the railway people constant trouble.

Shanghai American School.
The plans for the opening of the Shanghai American School on September 17th are being pushed forward and the prospects are quite promising. A number have already registered, two houses on North Szechuen Road, Nos. 171a and 172a, are being fitted up for the accommodation of the pupils, and some of the faculty have already been chosen. The management hopes to publish a full list of names in a short while. It is hoped, says the "Shanghai Times," that all those who intend to send their children to this school will register as soon as possible, as this will enable the management to make preparation ahead and will prevent crowding at the last moment.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT.

Ball of \$1,000 Fixed.

At the Police Court this morning, before Mr. E. A. Irving, a Chinese was charged with fraudulently converting to his own use, \$6.25, \$20.78 and \$40.91 in May, July and October, last year, the property of Kwong On Wing.

Mr. Crewe appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Lewis for the defence.

Mr. Lewis asked for a remand and applied for bail.

Mr. Irving:—Do you object, Mr. Crewe?

Mr. Crewe:—No, your worship, but I ask for the sum to be \$1,000.

Mr. Lewis:—I ask your worship to fix bail at \$250. In this case it is a most extraordinary thing that the man has been employed by the firm for ten years, and those bringing the charge against him acquired the business only two months ago. The alleged embezzlement took place more than a year ago.

Mr. Crewe:—My client did not discover these frauds.

Mr. Lewis:—He did not go into the business until two months ago.

Mr. Irving:—I will remand the case until the 13th; bail \$1,000.

HIS EXCELLENCY.

Yesterday His Excellency the Governor made an inspection of land at Shataukok in connection with the construction of a light railway there. He was accompanied by Lady May and party, and as the trip was made in the Government yacht Stanley, occasion was taken to cruise about Mrs. Bay and environs.

DETECTIVE'S FIND.

Not Quite What He Expected.

At the Police Court, to-day, Sgt. Willis told Mr. E. A. Irving that whilst searching the quarters of a boy in connection with the Durbar House jewel robbery at Kowloon, he found in a boy's box papers concerning an unlawful society.

The man was charged with the offence and sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour.

MARINE COURT.

Two Chinese boatmen were charged at the Marine Court, this morning, before Commander C. Beckwith, R.N., with mooring their craft within 100 yards of low water mark in a prohibited place and during prohibited hours. Both men pleaded guilty and were each fined \$7 or, in default, imprisonment for 14 days.

BIG MORPHINE CAPTURE.

A man named Fung Yun-sui was charged at the Police Court to-day, before Mr. E. A. Irving, with being in unlawful possession of seven pounds of morphine, and also with dealing in the same.

Mr. B. Johnson who appeared on behalf of the defendant asked for a remand.

Revenue Officer Wildon asked for heavy bail.

The remand was granted, bail being fixed at \$1,000.

DEATH OF A NOTED JOURNALIST.

Mr. Alfred Kinnear, the well-known war correspondent and Parliamentary lobbyist, has not long enjoyed his life of retirement from the stress of journalistic work. He died at Plymouth on June 21, at the age of 71. Mr. Kinnear, who first crossed the Atlantic in the Great Eastern, was a great traveller. He had visited North and South America, Canada, India, the West Indies, China, Japan and the Crimea. He was at Cochin, and during the last South African war was present at the battles of Belmont, Graspan and Modder River, and with Methuen's flying column to Kimberley. Besides the Jamaica rebellion and the Civil War, he saw the overthrow of the French despotism. He was a special contributor to many journals, lobbyist for the Central News, and Parliamentary sketch writer for the Echo when Mr. Parnell Edwards owned it. He retired from active work at Westminster only a year or two ago.

—Exchange.

KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB.

The Tennis "At Home."

On Saturday next the Kowloon Cricket Club will be at home to friends on the occasion of the tennis match between the Champions (Kowloon C.C.) and the Rest of League. At the conclusion of the match the shield and medals will be presented by Mrs. Forsyth.

The match will be between teams of three pairs a side, and Kowloon will play the same men as on Saturday last, namely:—Green, Abraham, Mackenzie, Clarke, Thompson and Wood, though the combination will in all probability be rather different. The team for the Rest has not yet been finally selected.

CANTON NEWS.

Note Redemption.

(The "Telegraph" Correspondent.)

Canton, August 6.
Since the 1st inst., the office of the Official Specie Department has been crowded daily with people desirous of having notes redeemed. Each person has been allowed to cash notes not exceeding \$10 in amount. However, many crafty persons got all their notes redeemed by calling several times with the limited amount, while others, who are feeble and weak, get stronger men to cash the notes for them on payment of a small fee. The officials have thus been obliged to impress a colour mark on the hands of those who come for the redemption of the notes.

Mr. Chow, the Director of the Department, has now issued a proclamation informing the public that beginning from to-day, the redemption of the notes is limited to \$1. He says in the proclamation that during the last few days, traffic has been entirely suspended by the throng of people waiting to cash their notes, while the merchants and the tradesmen suffer losses. Commencing from to-day those who wish to have their notes redeemed must go to the "Water Melon" Garden and apply for bamboo badges before their notes can be redeemed.

A Deportation Error.

The Commissioner of Police has issued a proclamation that he has received instructions from the Governor-General to the effect that Chan Han-ping, formerly editor of the "Progressive News," Rangoon, a revolutionary paper against the late Monchu Government, was deported through the representation of the then Chinese Consul of the old Government at Rangoon. Some time ago, he petitioned to the Canton Governor-General asking the latter to telegraph to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to open negotiations with the British Minister at Peking in order to get the consent of the Rangoon Government to the cancellation of the order. However, the papers in Canton made a mistake in naming the Hongkong Government for the Rangoon Government in the matter. The Commissioner of Police, under instructions from the Governor-General, now requires the papers to rectify the mistake in their issues.

Confucianism.

The Self Government Society has established two halls for the giving of lectures on Confucian doctrines. One is situated at the Confucius temple, Lo Pik Kow, outside the western gate of Canton, and the other is in Te-mu-long. At the first hall, simple lectures on the adoption of Confucian doctrines will be given from 7.30 p.m. to 10 p.m., with an interval of half an hour, every evening excepting Sundays. At the second hall day lectures will be given every week-day from 10 to 12, with half of an hour's interval. All well-behaved persons will be admitted.

Boy Fatally Injured.

A boy was knocked down by a tramcar yesterday afternoon in Morrison Hill Road and so severely injured that he died during the night.

Commander Houston Visits Hongkong.

Among the visitors to Hongkong are Lieut. Commander Houston of the U.S.A. Navy, who with Mrs. Houston, is staying at the Hongkong Hotel.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Seleeping Police.

In view of the frequency of burglaries, both in Hongkong and Kowloon, of late, we might be permitted once again to ask, "Where are the Police?" To answer our own query, they are, or some of them have been, asleep. We refer more particularly to the Indian and Chinese sections, who would appear to be fond of indulging a little habit of taking forty winks, or more, while on duty. It may be a pretty and restful sight to see our supposed guardians of the peace wooing the Goddess of Sleep in the open air, but we need hardly point out that this is not quite what they are paid to do. Of course, the burglars don't mind, but the public, who pay police and other rates, do.

Three Instances.

Information has reached us of three instances of this kind of recent occurrence. A European gentleman on going home one night at about 11.30 o'clock found a stalwart Indian constable lying across the steps leading his residence at Kowloon, wrapped up in his blanket and dead to the world. The gentleman struck a match; took the man's number and then made a report to the Police Station. When he came back with a European Officer the dusky one was still in Dreamland. Another Kowloon case was one in which an Indian was found asleep in a gateway along the sea-front. The other instance was in Hongkong, a Chinese constable being discovered by a resident stretched out in a quiet corner at about 7 o'clock in the morning. In view of cases such as these, is it any wonder that burglars have a happy time?

Chinese Boy Scouts.

Only the other day we had a good word to say, in this column, of the Boy Scouts movement, and we are interested in a paragraph relating to the Chinese Boy Scouts in New York. It will come as a surprise to most people to learn that such an organisation exists at all, and we should suppose that this is the only body of Chinese Scouts in the world. The main thing is, however, that these Chinese boys in New York appear to have learned what scout law means—the law which bids a scout help where he can. They have sent to the Famine Relief Committee at Shanghai the sum of \$1.180 in aid of the famine sufferers. This is a significant sign of the assimilation of Western ideas by the East, and, interesting in itself, is chiefly arresting because it is part of the great movement towards the adoption—then adaptation rather—of western culture by the Chinese.

Making Children Smatterers.

Is the present-day education of children faddy? The question is prompted by a statement, made by the Bishop of Salford, that "we have been living educationally under a regime of faddism, and the consequences have been the ruin of the superstructure of elementary education." This is one of those sweeping generalisations which contain a deal of truth, and, because they are swallowed whole and unthinkingly by many people, do nearly as much harm as good. It may be that children, in Bacon's phrase, are more or less smatterers, that they leave school unable to think correctly or to use their trains rightly. Any employer of labour at home who has had occasion to advertise for a youth can prove, by producing the letters of application, that present-day education does not turn out young people educated as we could wish. But, admitting all that, the superstructure of elementary education is not "ruined." There were smatterers in Bacon's day as there are to-day; but the general standard of education was never so high as it is to-day. It is not so high as it might be, and should be, but that is quite another thing from "ruin."

PLAGUE RETURNS.

The plague returns, for the week ended August 3, show that the outbreak is nearly over. There were only 15 cases—8 in the city and 7 in other districts and 13 deaths.

The total number of cases, since the beginning of January, is 1,822, and the number of deaths 140.

SPECIAL CABLES.

MIKADO'S FUNERAL.

BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE.

(Our Own Correspondent.)
Shanghai, Aug. 7.
Prince Arthur of Connaught will attend the funeral of the late Mikado on September, 13th.

JAPANESE NEWS.

THE EMPEROR'S FUNERAL.

(Independent News Agency)
Tokyo, August 6.
It has been decided that the funeral ceremony of the late Emperor shall take place at Aoyama, Tokyo, on the 13th of September, and the burial at Momoyama, near Kyoto, on the 15th of the same month.

PARLIAMENT.

It is announced that an extraordinary session of the Imperial Parliament will be summoned on the 31st of this month for three days.

A LENGTHY APPEAL.

Case Takes a Turn and Extends Over Another Day.

The appeal case, which has already occupied three days, and was expected to end yesterday afternoon, took a turn involving the extension of the hearing for another day, and the postponement of cases fixed to be heard in Original and Summary Courts.

Yesterday Mr. Potter, in replying for the appellants, raised points which the Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster claimed were new, and claimed to be heard on them.

The Request was Granted.

Mr. Potter said that yesterday he pointed out that a request from his client's point of view was quite unnecessary to entitle them to a partnership account. But he did say that if desired he would give reasons why a request was not necessary at all in a partnership action.

Quite Shortly.
The Puisse Judge:—Quite shortly!

Mr. Potter:—Yes, quite shortly. It has been held that the moment a partner retires—take a partnership for 10 years, a partnership which has an agreement and a clause that one partner may retire, without a dissolution,—the amount due to him from the continuing partners is a debt, and that debt becomes due the moment he ceases to be a partner. In the case of a deceased partner's share, his share is a debt which accrues at the moment of death, and there is no necessity for his executor to demand, because the statute is running against the executor from the moment of the partner's death. There is an interesting exception. When a man dies intestate, the statute does not run until an administrator is appointed.

Counsel shortly after said he would have to refer to the question of costs.

The Puisse Judge:—You are asking that all the costs of both parties should come out of the assets?

Mr. Potter:—That is so, my lord. Unless as regards the costs of the appeal. It is more than probable, if we win, that they ought to be paid by the respondent.

A New Point.
The Chief Justice:—I thought you had a saving clause?

Mr. Potter:—We did ask that the costs should be paid by the respondents, at and the of the notice of motion.

Mr. Alabaster:—This is a new point.

The Puisse Judge:—I thought it was in the notice of motion.

Mr. Alabaster:—Yes; my learned friend did not ask for costs in the opening and I did not reply on it.

Mr. Potter:—I do not propose to argue the point now. I don't think it is a rule to argue what the court will do as regard costs, until the court has given its decision.

After hearing further argument, their lordships reserved judgment.

RUBBER VALORISATION.

When the Financial News first intimated that a scheme for the valorisation of rubber was being formulated many doubts upon the idea that Brazil could think of such a proposal were expressed and printed. Four or five months later says the "China Press," their authors began to exhibit less scepticism, and, later still, in face of official information, had to recognise that something of the kind was in the wind. This has developed gradually, and has at last come to a head. The Reuter cable from Rio, dated July 9, shows that the Treasury has now opened "a first credit for the valorisation of rubber and other products of the northern states of Brazil." Among the various purposes for which 8,000 contos is assigned is "the reduction of taxes weighing especially on the various products of these states." This is clearly a notification that the ad valorem duty upon rubber is to be reduced, and, presumably, marks the first stage of Brazil's real struggle in her competition with the plantations of the Middle East, from which rubber can be marketed at a cost very much below that of the Brazilian product.

HUPEH INDUSTRIES.

The Peking Daily News says that the Industrial Union Society founded by Dr. Sun Yat Sen at Shanghai has had a branch at Wu-chang for a long time. Messrs. Lu and Ma have collected over Tls. 1,000,000, to start with some industrial enterprises in Hupeh. Delegates have also been sent to Szechuen to organize a branch office there in order to extend the influence of the society and to promote industry.

The needle and nail factory at Hanyang was originally a government factory. Owing to its mismanagement, the Manchian Government incurred great loss. The factory was then disposed of to Mr. Ma, a wealthy Chinese settler in the Malay Straits, who took over the factory not long before the outbreak of the revolution.

Thus the work was suspended. Now news has come to hand that he will be at Wu-chang very soon with a large amount of capital to start the work again.

At Tzafangchen, Tayeh district, there are many manufactures of paper of a rough kind. The paper is sold to paper factories at Shanghai to be remade. The trade is large, and Tls. 1,000,000 can be produced from it. Now Mr. Shih Ying, President of the Bureau of Opium Suppression, intends to collect shares to the amount of Tls. 30,000 to establish a paper mill there to manufacture paper on European lines.

CHOLERA ON S.S. "KOH-SICHANG."

According to the "Straits Times" on the arrival of the German steamer Kohsichang at Singapore from Hongkong on July 31 the captain reported that three male deck passengers died on the voyage from cholera, and all the bodies were buried at sea.

District Magistrate Shoots Himself.

Calcutta, July 18.—Mr. Shettle, I.C.S., officiating District Magistrate at Gaya, shot himself dead with a revolver early yesterday morning. The cause is at present unknown. He joined the service in India in December, 1904, and was among the officers of great promise.

DON'T FORGET.

Saturday, August 10.
Entertainment Mount Austin Barracks.

Monday, August 12.
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, meeting 3 p.m.

Tuesday, Aug. 13.
Lady May At Home, 4.30 p.m.
Saturday, August 17.
Half yearly meeting Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.
Fourth Gymkhana Meeting.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The opinions expressed by our correspondents are not necessarily those of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

OLD QUESTIONS RECALLED.

Admiral Byng and the Letters of Junius.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir,—In the course of the interesting Special Article in regard to the Battle of Minden and the conduct thereof of the British Commander which was published in your issue of Saturday the 3rd instant, there occur two passages—the one with reference to Admiral Byng and the other in regard to the author of the celebrated Letters of Junius—which open up a vista of party strife in regard to questions now in the main long forgotten and relegated to the limbo of the Past, but which not only in their day caused considerable discussion, but were even deemed a worthy subject for his pen by that most brilliant of all brilliant writers, Lord Macaulay.

His views upon the trial and execution of Admiral Byng are so logical and cogent to the subject matter thereof that I venture to reproduce them.

"The most important event of this short administration was the trial of Byng. On that subject public opinion is still divided. We think the punishment of the Admiral altogether unjust and absurd. Treachery, cowardice, ignorance amounting to what lawyers have called 'crassa ignorantia', are fit objects of severe penal inflictions. But Byng was not found guilty of treachery, of cowardice, or of gross ignorance of his profession. He died for doing what the most loyal subject, the most intrepid warrior, the most experienced seaman might have done. He died for an error in judgment, an error such as the greatest Commander Frederick, Napoleon, Wellington, have often committed, and have often acknowledged. Such errors are not proper objects of punishment, for this reason, that the punishing of such errors tends not to prevent them but to produce them. The dread of an ignominious death may stimulate sluggishness to exertion, may keep a traitor to his standard, may prevent a coward from running away, but it has no tendency to bring out those qualities which enable men to form prompt and judicious decisions in great emergencies. The best marksmen may be expected to fail when the apple which is to be his mark is set on his child's head. We cannot conceive anything more likely to deprive an officer of his self-possession at this time when he most needs it than the knowledge that if the judgment of his superiors should not agree with his, he will be executed with every circumstance of shame. Queens, it has been often said, run far greater risk in child-bed than private women, merely because their medical attendants are more anxious. The surgeon who attended Marie Louise was altogether unnerved by his emotions. Compose yourself," said Bonaparte; "imagine you are assisting a poor girl in the Faubourg Saint Antoine." This was surely a far wiser course than that of the Eastern King in the Arabian Nights Entertainment, who proclaimed that the physicians who failed to cure his daughter should have their heads chopped off. Bonaparte knew mankind well; and as he acted towards his officers. No sovereign was ever so indulgent to mere errors of judgment; and it is certain that no sovereign ever had in his service so many military men fit for the highest commands.

That in his eyes 'defeat' did not necessarily mean 'disgrace' is shown in other portions of Macaulay's writings. In one place in dealing with a certain illustrious personage he remarks:—

(Continued on page 3)

MR. POLLOCK'S HOLIDAY.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir,—With reference to the paragraph in your issue of Monday last, I beg to state that I can see no prospect whatever of my being able to go away on a holiday for many weeks to come.

Yours faithfully
H. E. POLLOCK.

7th August, 1912.

ALLEGED MEMBERS OF AN UNLAWFUL SOCIETY.

Two Chinese stood in the dock at the Police Court, this morning, before Mr. E. A. Irving, charged with being members of an unlawful society.

Mr. Crowe (for the defence):—I understand the prosecution are withdrawing the charge against the first defendant and I hope you will give Mr. King and myself a remand until one day next week. The documents are not translated.

Mr. Irving:—First man discharged. Second man remanded; bail \$1,000.

THE KIANGNAN ARSENAL.

The Kiangnan Arsenal, as usual, is daily turning out cartridges and cannon balls. It is reported that new balls weighing 12 pounds have lately been manufactured from Hupoh iron. The balls are specially made for 7.5 cm guns. Experimental tests were to be held in the Arsenal sometime last week.

The Arsenal lately forwarded upon requests from the Nanking Arsenal 1,000 pounds of smokeless powder, according to a Shanghai exchange.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR LOAN.

The Hankow loan of \$5,000,000, says the Japan Mail, which was all but concluded between Li Yuan-hung and the Robert Dollar Company, has proved a failure. Li is said to have first offered the loan to Hankow as security for the loan. To this, however, the landowners of the city raised strong opposition, insisting that as Hankow had sacrificed itself for the establishment of the Republic, the Central Government ought to hold itself responsible for the loan. On the other hand the Robert Dollar Company advanced further claims in regard to the security, and the Magistrate, considering the demands too arbitrary, finally abandoned the loan. Li Yuan-hung is said to be very indignant as to the company's attitude, and to have submitted a memorandum to the President assuring him that foreign capitalists are generally insincere and can never be trusted in dealing with loan questions.

CENSUS OF CHINESE ABROAD.

According to a communication of the Ministry of Interior with the Secretariat of the National Council the number of Chinese residing abroad is as follows:—British African Colonies, 1,827; New Zealand, 2,797; Canada, 4,018; Rangoon, 30,207; Penang, 65,025; St. Petersburg and Moscow, 225; Vladivostok, 21,277; French territories, 159; Austrian territories, 38; Belgian territories, 112; Dutch territories, 18,588; Nagasaki, 1,205; Yokohama, 3,500; Kobe, 2,878; Osaka, 303.

LAW LIST.

Supreme Court.

Original Jurisdiction.

Before the Chief Justice.

To-day.

Tang Chung Chuk v. Tung

Wa Chun.

Tuesday, Aug. 13.

Hung Kwai Ching v. Lo

Sut Po.

Today's Advertisement

TO LET.

ON Sham-ou, British Concession, Six Rooms and Large Office, recently in occupation of Standard Oil. Best location. Apply to T. E. GRIFITH, Canton, 6th August, 1912. [57]

Today's Advertisements

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

NOTICE.

For KUDAT AND SANDAKAN. Taking Cargo at Through Rates to Tawau, Lahad Duta, Labuan, Jolo, Manado and Jesselton.

THE Steamship

"BORNEO,"
Capt. F. Sembill (ready to load FRIDAY) will leave on SATURDAY, the 10th inst., at 9 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
MELOHRS & CO.,
General Agents.

Hongkong, 6th Aug., 1912. [7]

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI.

STEAM FOR BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE AND PENANG.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to Port Said, Messina, Naples, Genoa and Leghorn, also Venice and Trieste, all Mediterranean, Adriatic, Barcelona, Valencia, Alicante, Almeria and Malaga, Levantine and South American Ports up to Callao.)

THE Steamship

"ISCHIA,"
Capt. Behnke, will be despatched as above on MONDAY, the 12th inst., at Noon.

For further particulars regarding freight and passage, apply to
CARLOWITZ & CO.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 7th Aug. 1912. [572]

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM BOMBAY.

THE Steamship

"ISCHIA,"
having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained. Perishable goods to be taken delivery of immediately.

All claims must be sent to the office of the Undersigned before Noon on the 17th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 13th inst., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 14th inst., at 9.30 A.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
CARLOWITZ & CO.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 7th Aug., 1912. [572]

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

STEAM FOR SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

The Imperial German Mail Steamship

"KLEIST"
Capt. L. Maass, will leave for the above places TO-MORROW, the 8th inst., at 5 A.M.

For further particulars, apply to
NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
MELOHRS & CO.,
General Agents.

Hongkong 7th August, 1912. [7]

\$10.00 REWARD.

LOST on 5th August Small Fox Terrier Dog. Well marked head, black patch on back, rather long body, short legs. Answers to name of "Snootch" also "Rubbish". Please return to C.H. Ross, The Mount, Peak, Hongkong, 7th August, 1912. [577]

HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

IN accordance with the Provisions of No. 104 of the Articles of Association the General Managers have this day declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half year ended 30th June 1912, of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE.

DIVIDEND WARRANTS may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company on and after FRIDAY, 16th instant.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th instant to 15th instant, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
General Managers.

Hongkong 7th Aug. 1912. [574]

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

HADDOCK

AND

FILLET OF HADDOCK

NEW CONSIGNMENT.

August 6, 1912.

MOUNIE'S BRANDIES

LIQUEUR

are the best obtainable. Messrs. J. Denis, H. Mounie & Co. have received the Royal Warrant of appointment to His Majesty King George V. and are the only Brandy firm who have been thus honoured. Mounie's Brandy is supplied to all the first class Restaurants in London, including the Ritz, Savoy, Carlton, Claridges and Langham.

Bottled and shipped by

J. DENIS, H. MOUNIE & Co. (Est. 1838.)

COGNAC.

GARNER QUELCH & CO.

SOLE AGENTS. Tel. 636.

ARE YOU FOR PURITY? MICROSCOPICALLY

examined

ISUAN

contains no MICRO-ORGANISMS

of any kind.

THERE IS A REASON.

THE CHINA COMMERCIAL COMPANY.

8, Duddell Street.

Tel. No. 1208.

S.O.A.E.O.

FAR EAST OXYGEN AND ACETYLENE CO., LTD. AUTODIESEL WELDING.

repair of boilers and hulls, welding of cracks.

Renewing of corroded plates by addition of metal.

Welding of broken pieces of any kind of metal.

OFFICE: St. George's Building, 3rd Floor, Telephone 1033. [45]

FACTS WORTH NOTING

"Hard water hardens the arteries; soft water helps to keep them elastic and pulse-responsive."

TANSAN is the Softest of all Drinking Waters.

The stomach assimilates TANSAN in less time than is required to absorb any known Water, the significance of which fact must be apparent even to the layman.

TANSAN helps the stomach and strengthens the kidneys and it necessarily follows that TANSAN is an all important item of every-day diet.

TANSAN is entirely free from the obnoxious taste peculiar to salted or other fabricated Waters.

TANSAN mixed with milk, wines, spirits, etc., neither impairs nor in any way alters, except to expand their respective natural flavors.

TANSAN, to the discriminating palate is, in every particular, the most satisfying and Choicest of all Choice Drinking Water.

Deep in the mountain side of Takaradzuka, Japan, the source of TANSAN is beyond possibility of taint of any kind.

It flows by gravity through a rock-hewn tunnel to a sheltered inclosure and is placed in sterilized bottles of Quartz, Flint and Split.

The flow is unvarying and superabundant—millions of gallons running to waste annually.

Visitors to the TANSAN Spring find the entire Plant open to examination—there is nothing to conceal.

Per Case of 48 Half-Bottles \$7.25

" Dozen " " " " " " " 1.85

" Case of 100 Quarter Bottles " " " 9.25

" Dozen " " " " " " " 1.25

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

Wine Merchants.

Telephone No. 135.

12, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong

Hongkong, 5th August 1912.

Shipping

HAMBURG-AMERIKA
LINIE.IN CONJUNCTION WITH
Deutsche Dampfschiffahrts Gesellschaft "HANSA."EAST ASIATIC SERVICE.
Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES,
via SHANGHAI and COLOMBO.

Marseilles, Havre, Bremen and Hamburg and New York.

Taking Cargo at Through rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste,
Livorno, Oporto, Genoa, and other Mediterranean Levantine, Black and Baltic Sea and
Port, and all North and South American Ports.

Next Sailings from Hongkong:

OUTWARD.	HOMEWARD.
For Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama:	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
" PISA 15th Aug.	S.S. P. BUELOW 15th Aug.
" O. J. D. A. HILERS 22nd Aug.	For Havre, Bremen & Hamburg:
" C. F. LAEISZ 11th Sept.	S.S. GOLDENFELDE 27th Aug.
" ARCADIA 24th Sept.	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
For Further Particulars, apply to:	S.S. BRISOAVIA 5th Sept.
	For Havre & Hamburg:
	S.S. SUEVIA 12th Sept.
	For Marseilles, Havre, Hamburg & Ant.
	S.S. PRINZ SEEN 16th Sept.

Hamburg-Amerika Linie,
Hongkong Office.

LOG BOOK.

S.S. Yugala's Exciting Trip.
The local steamer Yugala which arrived at Singapore on July 29, had an exciting voyage down from Patani. The master Capt. Jensen took in tow the local junk Ho Hin off Patani to bring to Singapore. That was at 3 p.m. on the 27th, the weather at that time being fine, a south east wind blowing and a little sea running. The steamer could only make slow progress, about six knots an hour, owing to the pitching of the junk. The following evening about 10 p.m. the junk was hoisted on board the Yugala and the "Yugala's" engines being stopped a boat was put off to ascertain the cause. When the boat came back the officer in charge reported that the junk was half full of water. As it was not in immediate danger it was agreed that the speed should be reduced in order to lessen the pitching, and that some cargo should be transferred to the Yugala the next day. The speed was accordingly reduced to about three knots. Then the wind freshened and sea rose considerably and at 9.35 p.m. renewed shouting was heard from the junk. Again the steamer was stopped and as it was apparent that the junk was settling down a boat was sent off to take the crew and bring them back to the steamer. Two trips were safely transferred to the Yugala, and a few minutes after the junk heeled to port and capsized. The steamer then proceeded on her voyage.—"Singapore Free Press."

The Rising Port of Kwang Chau Wan.
Kwang Chau Wan, under the energetic and enlightened administration of E. Caillard, bids fair to become a port of some promise in the South of China. The administrator has obtained from the Governor-General of Indo-China sufficient credit with which to make a good start in the development of the place, and already a number of improvements have been introduced. New roads and beautiful boulevards have been laid out, piers have been constructed so that ships can come alongside, godowns are being built, and a new hotel has been erected. A water supply is being laid on, the Lake of Surprise being tapped not only for a drinking supply but for the motive power for electric light, an ice plant, etc. Trade has developed to some extent, four Portuguese ships of fair tonnage doing three trips each, while the "Sikiang" calls twice a month, and German ships call occasionally. The place has attractions for tourists which should be patronised when they become better known.—Exchange.

STRIKING FIGURES.

69,880,468 Cigars Exported by
Philippines in a Year.

The number of cigars exported to the United States from the Philippines during the fiscal year closing June 30 exceeds the record of the previous year by over 200 per cent. according to figures prepared at the customs house in Manila. On the other hand, sugar exports decreased in quantity over 200 per cent.

The customs figures show that 69,880,468 cigars were exported to the United States during the past year as against 22,974,000 in 1910-1911 and, in fact, with the single exception of the fiscal year 1909-1910 the first year of the workings of the Payne bill, when the American market was flooded with smokes of all grades and 83,931,000 cigars were sent to the homeland, the past year broke all records.

Consignees

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVI-
GATION COMPANY, LTD.FROM CALCUTTA, KOBE
AND PENANG.

THE Company's Steamship

"LAISANG"

having arrived from the above Ports.

Consignees of cargo by her are hereby

informed that their goods will be de-

livered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge or

remaining on board after 4 p.m., the

day last, will be landed at Consignee's

risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned

by

JARDINE, MATHESON &
CO., LTD.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 5th Aug., 1912.

FROM EUROPE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship

"SUEVIA"

Captain Rossau, having arrived. Consignees

of cargo are hereby informed that their

goods are being landed and placed at their

risk in the Godowns and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the

Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company, Limited, whence

delivery may be obtained against Bills of

Lading countersigned by the Under-

signed.

Optional goods will be carried on

unless notice to the contrary be given

to-day.

All claims must be presented within

ten days of the steamer's arrival here,

after which date they cannot be re-

cognized.

No claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Godowns, and all

Goods remaining undelivered after the

8th inst., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged

goods must be left in the Godowns,

where they will be examined on the

7th inst., at 9.30 a.m.

No Fire Insurance will be effected

by us in any case whatever.

This steamer brings on cargo:—

Ex. s.s. "Westphalia" from Havre.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 2nd Aug., 1912.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVI-
GATION CO., LTD.FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG
AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"FOOKSANG"

having arrived from the above Ports.

Consignees of cargo by her are hereby

informed that their goods will be de-

livered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge or

remaining on board after 4 p.m., the 1st

August, will be landed at consignee's

risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned

by

JARDINE, MATHESON
& CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1912.

VESSELS TAKING CARGO.

European Ports.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To.	To be Dispatched.
London, via Usual Ports of Call	Arcadia	P. & O. Co.	17 August, Noon
London, Leith and Antwerp	Carnarvonshire	J. M. & Co.	3 September, about
Havre, Rotterdam and Hamburg, &c.	Fuorist Buelow	H. A. L.	13 August
do do do	Brigavia	H. A. L.	5 September
Havre and Hamburg, &c.	Suevia	H. A. L.	11 September
Havre, Bremen and Hamburg	Goldenfels	H. A. L.	23 August
Marseilles, Havre, Hamburg & Antwerp, &c.	Prousson	H. A. L.	10 September
Marseilles, London & Antwerp via Singapore, &c.	Aki Maru	N. Y. K.	14 August, d'light
Naples, Leith and Rotterdam	Glenroy	S. T. & Co.	22 August, about
Capeports via Mauritius	Dunoric	Bank Line	10 September
Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, &c.	Baron Cawdor	G & Co.	15 August, about

New York, San Francisco and Canada.

New York	Atholl	D. & Co.	23 August, about
do	Ambria	H. A. L.	31 August, about
New York, via Suez Canal	Inverclyde	S. T. & Co.	10 Sept., about
Boston and New York	Kansas	Bank Line	9 August
do do	Dacre Castle	D. & Co.	10 Sept., about
San Francisco, etc.	Tenyo Maru	T. K. K.	20 August
San Francisco via Keelung and Japan, &c.	Korea	P. M. Co.	3 October, 1 p.m.
San Francisco via Amoy, Shanghai & Japan, &c.	Persia	P. M. Co.	27 August, 1 p.m.
Tientsin, Peking, Yantai via Singapore, &c.	Vorwarts	S. W. & Co.	1 September
Mexico, Peru, Chili via Japan	Huyo Maru	T. K. K.	4 October
Victoria, B.C., and Seattle via Shanghai, &c.	Yokohama Maru	N. Y. K.	13 August, 4 p.m.
Victoria and Seattle via Shanghai and Japan.	Seattle Maru	O. S. K.	8 August, 1 p.m.
Victoria, B.C., & Tacoma via Keelung, &c.	Mexico Maru	O. S. K.	17 August, 1 p.m.
Victoria, B.C., & Tacoma via Keelung & Japan	Chicago Maru	O. S. K.	3 September, 1 p.m.
Victoria, Vancouver, B.C., Seattle & Tacoma, &c.	Lord Dorby	Bank Line	15 August
Vancouver via Shanghai, Japan &c.	Empress of India	C. P. R. Co.	24 August, 6 p.m.
do do do	Monteagle	C. P. R. Co.	5 October, 6 p.m.

Australia.

Australian Ports	Eastern	G. L. & Co.	17 August, Noon
Australian Ports via Manila	Coblenz	M. & Co.	10 August, 9 a.m.
do do do	Nikko Maru	N. Y. K.	30 August, Noon

Singapore, Coast Ports and Japan.

Batavia, Cheribon, Samarang, &c.	Tjiliwong	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Tjuna	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Tjunaok	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
Singapore, Penang and Calcutta	Dilwara	D. S. & Co.	15 August
do do do	Kumsang	J. M. & Co.	12 August, Noon
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta	Hiroshima Maru	N. Y. K.	10 August
Samalakan	Musang	J. M. & Co.	10 August, 4 p.m.
Bombay via Singapore and Penang	Ischia	C. & Co.	13 August, Noon
Bombay via Singapore, and Colombo	Kawachi Maru	N. Y. K.	19 August
Kudat and Sandakan	Borneo	M. & Co.	10 August
Japan	Tijtaroom	J. O. J. L.	Middle of August
do	Tjunaok	J. O. J. L.	F. half August
Kobe and Yokohama	Prinz Sigismund	M. & Co.	20 August, about
do do	Asuta Maru	N. Y. K.	14 August p.m.
Yokohama and Kobe	Muttra	J. M. & Co.	14 August, Noon
Yokohama and Kobe via Shanghai	Austria	S. W. & Co.	28 August, about
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Kumano Maru	N. Y. K.	28 August, Noon
Manila	Yonshang	J. M. & Co.	10 August, 2 p.m.
do	Wingang	J. M. & Co.	10 August, 2 p.m.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Tuning	B. & S.	13 August, 4 p.m.
Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu	Rubi	S. T. & Co.	9 August, 4 p.m.
do do do	Zedro	S. T. & Co.	19 August, 4 p.m.
Tientsin via Weihaiwei	Chongshing	J. M. & Co.	10 August, Noon
Weihaiwei, Chiofoo and Tientsin	Kuochow	B. & S.	8 August, 4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haiyang	D. L. & Co.	9 August, 11 a.m.
Tamsui via Swatow and Amoy	Daigi Maru	O. S. K.	11 August, Noon
Shanghai and Kobe	Jinsen Maru	N. Y. K.	12 August
Shanghai, Kobe and Moji	Colombo Maru	N. Y. K.	14 August
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Jelunga	D. S. & Co.	18 August
Shanghai, Moji, Kobe and Yokohama	Pisa	H. A. L.	15 August
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Nippon	A. N. & Co.	20 August, about
Shanghai	Den of Glamis	J. M. & Co.	23 August, about
do	Tjikini	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do	Chonan	B. & S.	8 August, 4 p.m.
do	Linan	B. & S.	10 August, M'night
do	Assayo	P. & O. Co.	15 August, about
do	Chinlun	B. & S.	15 August, 4 p.m.
do	Anhni	B. & S.	17 August, M'night
do	Tijlajap	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do	Hangang	J. M. & Co.	11 August, d'light
do	Africa	S. W. & Co.	4 September

Consignees

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
S.S. "NIPPON MARU."From SAN FRANCISCO, HONO-
LULU & JAPAN PORTS.

The above-named steamer having

arrived, Consignees of Cargo are

hereby notified to send in their Bills of

Lading for countersignature, and to

take immediate delivery of Cargo from

alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered on

MONDAY, 5th August, at 5 p.m.,

will be landed at Consignee's risk and

expense and delivery must then be taken

from Company's Godown.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be

effected.

No Claims will be recognised after the

Goods have left the Steamer or

Godown, and all Goods remaining

undelivered on FRIDAY, 9th inst.,

afternoon, will be subject to rent and

landing charges.

All chafed and otherwise damaged

Cargo to be left on board or godown

and examination of same to be arranged.

All claims must be filed on or before

FRIDAY, 16th inst., otherwise they

will not be recognised.

S. MORIMOTO,
Agent.

Hongkong, 2nd Aug., 1912.

Consignee

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.S.S. "BENVENUE"
FROM ANTWERP, LEITH,
LONDON & STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby

informed that all Goods are

being landed at their risk into the

hazardous and/or extra hazardous

Godowns of the HONGKONG AND KOW-
LOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY,
LTD., where's addor from the wharves

delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Godowns, and all

Goods remaining undelivered after the

10th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must

be presented to the Underigned on or

before the 16th inst., or they will not

be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged

Goods are to be left in the Godowns,

where they will be examined on the

9th inst., at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be counter-

signed by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 2nd Aug., 1912.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Vessel	From	Arrived
Feiching, Br. s.s., 228, A. A. Crawford,	6th Aug.—Shanghai 3rd	Aug., Gen.—O. M. S. N.
Phacamp, Br. s.s., 1,006, Jas. H.	Scott, 6th Aug.—Saloon	2nd Aug., Gen.—Wo Pat
Profit, Nor. s.s., 815, Olson, 6th	Aug.—Haliphong 4th Aug.	Gen.—A. T. & Co.
Pera, Br. s.s., 4,916, Friebe, 6th Aug.	—Yokohama, Gen.—P. &	O. S. N. & Co.
Pembroke, Br. s.s., 2,999, W.	Barnett, 6th Aug.—Wusung	1st Aug., Gen.—J. M. &
Phu Yen, Br. s.s., 1,248, Lheurein	6th Aug.—Saloon, Rice—	B. & Co.
Ichia, Br. s.s., 2,418, G. Balato, 6th	Aug.—Bomby and Singa-	pore 1st Aug., Gen.—O. &
Carl Diederichsen, Ger. s.s., 774,	Oh. Jergensen, 7th Aug.	—Holhow 5th Aug., Gen.—
J. & Co.		
Kumang, Br. s.s., 8,026, F. White,	7th Aug.—Moji 2nd Aug.	Gen.—J. M. & Co.

Princess Alice, Ger. s.s., 10,81	Frank 7th Aug.—Yoko-	hama 27th July, Mail and	Gen.—M. & Co.
Kuochow, Br. s.s., 1,250, Plunket	Colo, 7th Aug.—Canton	6th Aug., Gen.—B. & S.	
Kwangtsh, Chi. s.s., 1,686, Slowart,	7th Aug.—Canton 6th Aug.	Gen.—O. M. S. N. Co.	
Kleiv, Ger. s.s., 5,127, L. Manas,	7th Aug.—Unaburg 27th	June, Mail and Gen.—M.	& Co.
Daigi Maru, Jap. s.s., 846, Y. Some-	kawa, 7th Aug.—Swatow	6th Aug., Gen.—O. S. K.	
Hongkong, Br. s.s., 739, Corneilissen	7th Aug.—Haliphong and	Holhow 6th Aug., Gen.—	A. R. Manly.
Rajah, Ger. s.s., 1,275, A. Roscher,	7th Aug.—Wakamatsu 1st	Aug., Coal—M. B. K.	

CLEARANCES AT THE HAR-
BOUR OFFICE.

Carl Diederichsen, for Macao.	Hanoi, for Haliphong.	Telemachus, for Saigon.	Helene, for Quenbon.	Triumph, for Haliphong.	Kwangtsh, for Shanghai.	Thien, for Canton.	Huich, for Canton.	Pembroke, for Antwerp.	Chongin, for Kwongchow.
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DEPARTED.

Atreus, for London.	Haimun, for Swatow.	Miyajima, for Amoy.	Feiching, for Canton.	Chonan, for Canton.	Vorow, for Vladivostok.	Pera, for London.	Princess Alice, for Straits.	Sardinia, for Moji.	Hanoi, for Saigon.
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PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Princess Alice, arrived 7th			
Aug., from Yokohama, &c. :—			
Britto, Mrs. T.	Leo, Mr. & Mrs.		
Fukushima, F.	V.		
Fukushima, G.	Lindhorst, T.		
Graves, C. B.	Matilewman, J.		
Grove, Mr. & Mrs.	H.		
T.	Olis, J. N.		
Harston, Lieut.	& Puan Tai-nov		
Mrs.	Schlenig, J.		
Hughes, Mr. & Mrs.	Stapelfeld, Otto		
Hagward, T. W.	Shibu, Y.		
Kawahata, G.	Sawamoto, Miss		
Li To	M.		
Li Chung,	Mr. Tanaki, J.		
and Mrs.	Tanaka, R.		
Ly, Mrs.	Wong Sam-kin		
Lai To-aum	Yu Yui-hing		

COMMERCIAL.

London Bullion Market.

London, July 12th.—Messrs. Samuel Montagu & Co. report:—
 "Gold.—About £700,000 arrived in the form of bar gold, of which £71,000 was reserved for India. The bulk of the remainder will be obtained by the Bank of England. The following amounts were received by the Bank: July 4, £208,000 in bar gold; July 5, £183,000 in bar gold; July 6, £79,000 in bar gold; July 8, £17,000 in bar gold; July 9, £183,000 in bar gold; July 9, £7,000 in sovereigns from France; July 10, £190,000 in bar gold. Withdrawals were made as under: July 5, £50,000 in German gold coin; July 10, £400,000 in sovereigns for Uruguay. During the week the net influx was £400,000. The net import of gold into India for the month of June was £2,808,333 (approximately). This makes a total for the first six months of the year of £19,500,000. The figures are striking when compared with £20,000,000, the net import during the whole of 1911, exactly double the period of this £19,500,000 over £9,000,000 swells the total of gold held by the Indian Treasury against the note issue, leaving £10,500,000 to be accounted for. At least £4,300,000 of this residue was received in the form of bar gold. We can only conclude that a large proportion of the remaining £5,700,000, received in the form of sovereigns, is being utilized for the purpose of hoarding or is in circulation.

"Silver.—The market has been somewhat heavy in tone and the tendency of prices downward, until 27.15/16d. was touched for cash on the 8th inst., the lowest figure for more than a month past. On the 9th inst. the cable returns of the Indian currency reserves revealed a fall of 10 lakhs in the total of silver rupees and a rise of 19 lakhs in that of the gold. At the same time, more favourable news came to hand as to the monsoon, which seems to be improving gradually, though as yet no rain has fallen in the Punjab. As a consequence a slight upward trend in prices set in, but the bazaar demand has been promptly met by sales on China. At the moment little encouragement can be gathered from the Chinese loan negotiations, which just now seem quite at a deadlock. Again to-day depression reasserted itself, and a fall of 1-8d. took place, to 27.15-16d. for cash and 28.1-16d. for forward. The higher level of prices, about 28d. instead of 24d., has had, apparently, considerable influence on the consumption of silver by the Continent. Compared with the first six months of 1911, the exports in ounces of the last half-year to other countries of Europe show a reduction of about 50 per cent. This falling off is especially marked in the case of France (65 per cent.) and Russia (55 per cent.). The movement of silver to China and India has not been affected to anything like the same degree. The exports to these two countries have only decreased 11 per cent. The imports from Germany and France combined have nearly doubled. The stock in Bombay is increased by £77,000 to £1,375,000; the oft-taken is a shade better at 50 bars a day. Shanghai reports a stock in specie and bars of £3,825,000—an increase of about £235,000. A shipment of £110,000 has been made from San Francisco to Hongkong. The quotations to-day for cash and two months are 1-4 below those quoted a week ago."

London Rubber Market.
 London, July 20.—Today's quotation: Para Rubber F.H.C. July and August 4s. 10.1-Ad. sellers. Rubber share market quiet.

Singapore Rubber Auction.
 30th July.
 Offered for sale 243 cases, pels, 240.03 or 32,004 lbs.
 Sold 218 cases, pels, 212.46 or 28,328 lbs.

Prices Realized.
 Sheet Smoked ... \$235 to 247
 Unsmoked ... 234 to 242
 Crepe No. 1 ... 239 to 251
 " No. 2 ... 227 to 238
 " No. 3 ... 211 to 223
 " No. 4 ... 160 to 190
 Scrap Untreated ... 180
 The next Auction will take place on Wednesday, 7th August, 1912.

Public Auction.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

By Order of the Executors of the Will of the Late Mr. H. N. Coogan, the

VERY VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES

Situate and Being
 Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12, Mo-quo Street,
 Victoria, Hongkong

to be sold by
 PUBLIC AUCTION

on
 FRIDAY,

the 30th day of August, 1912, at
 12 o'clock Noon,

in six days

by
 Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers, at their Auction Rooms at No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Central.

The Properties consist of:—

Lot 1. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 12 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,054 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.00 per annum.

Lot 2. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 10 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,119 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 3. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 8 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,167 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 4. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 6 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 4 OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 4 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 5. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 4 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 5 OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 5 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.28 per annum.

Lot 6. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 2 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,851 square feet or thereabouts.

Public Auction.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

By Order of the Executors of the Will of the Late Mr. H. N. Coogan, the

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Lot 1. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 12 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,054 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.00 per annum.

Lot 2. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 10 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,119 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 3. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 8 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,167 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 4. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 6 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 4 OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 4 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Lot 5. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 4 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 5 OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 5 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.

Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.28 per annum.

Lot 6. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 2 Mo-quo Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT NO. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT NO. 58.

Total Area 2,851 square feet or thereabouts.

Banks.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: 60, Wall Street, New York.
 London Office: 34, Bishopsgate, E.C.

BRANCHES

Bombay
 Calcutta
 Canton
 Cebu
 Hankow
 Hongkong
 Kobe
 London
 Lyons
 Manila
 Mexico
 Panama
 Peking
 San Francisco
 Shanghai
 Yokohama

Capital and Reserve ... \$100,000,000

Assets ... \$100,000,000

Liabilities ... \$100,000,000

Deposits ... \$100,000,000

Interest ... 4 per cent.

Exchange ... 100 to 1

Gold ... 100 to 1

Silver ... 100 to 1

Notes ... 100 to 1

Coins ... 100 to 1

Bar Gold ... 100 to 1

Bar Silver ... 100 to 1

Bar Platinum ... 100 to 1

Bar Palladium ... 100 to 1

Bar Rhodium ... 100 to 1

Bar Iridium ... 100 to 1

Bar Osmium ... 100 to 1

Bar Tellurium ... 100 to 1

Bar Selenium ... 100 to 1

Bar Arsenic ... 100 to 1

Bar Antimony ... 100 to 1

Bar Bismuth ... 100 to 1

Bar Lead ... 100 to 1

Bar Tin ... 100 to 1

Bar Copper ... 100 to 1

Bar Zinc ... 100 to 1

Bar Nickel ... 100 to 1

Bar Cobalt ... 100 to 1

Bar Manganese ... 100 to 1

Bar Iron ... 100 to 1

Bar Steel ... 100 to 1

Bar Aluminum ... 100 to 1

Bar Magnesium ... 100 to 1

Bar Potassium ... 100 to 1

Bar Sodium ... 100 to 1

Bar Calcium ... 100 to 1

Bar Strontium ... 100 to 1

Bar Barium ... 100 to 1

Lead ... 100 to 1

Gold ... 100 to 1

Silver ... 100 to 1

Notes ... 100 to 1

Coins ... 100 to 1

Bar Gold ... 100 to 1

Bar Silver ... 100 to 1

Bar Platinum ... 100 to 1

Bar Palladium ... 100 to 1

Bar Rhodium ... 100 to 1

Bar Iridium ... 100 to 1

Bar Osmium ... 100 to 1

Bar Tellurium ... 100 to 1

Bar Selenium ... 100 to 1

Bar Arsenic ... 100 to 1

Bar Antimony ... 100 to 1

Bar Bismuth ... 100 to 1

Bar Lead ... 100 to 1

Bar Tin ... 100 to 1

Bar Copper ... 100 to 1

Bar Zinc ... 100 to 1

Bar Nickel ... 100 to 1

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... \$10,000,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO.

RESERVE ... \$10,000,000

LIABILITY ... \$10,000,000

Assets ... \$10,000,000

Deposits ... \$10,000,000

Interest ... 4 per cent.

Exchange ... 100 to 1

Gold ... 100 to 1

Silver ... 100 to 1

Notes ... 100 to 1

Coins ... 100 to 1

Bar Gold ... 100 to 1

Bar Silver ... 100 to 1

Bar Platinum ... 100 to 1

Bar Palladium ... 100 to 1

Bar Rhodium ... 100 to 1

Bar Iridium ... 100 to 1

Bar Osmium ... 100 to 1

Bar Tellurium ... 100 to 1

Bar Selenium ... 100 to 1

Bar Arsenic ... 100 to 1

Bar Antimony ... 100 to 1

Bar Bismuth ... 100 to 1

Bar Lead ... 100 to 1

Bar Tin ... 100 to 1

Bar Copper ... 100 to 1

Bar Zinc ... 100 to 1

Bar Nickel ... 100 to 1

Bar Cobalt ... 100 to 1

Bar Manganese ... 100 to 1

Bar Iron ... 100 to 1

Bar Steel ... 100 to 1

Bar Aluminum ... 100 to 1

Bar Magnesium ... 100 to 1

Bar Potassium ... 100 to 1

Bar Sodium ... 100 to 1

Bar Calcium ... 100 to 1

Bar Strontium ... 100 to 1

Bar Barium ... 100 to 1

Lead ... 100 to 1

Gold ... 100 to 1

Silver ... 100 to 1

Notes ... 100 to 1

Coins ... 100 to 1

Bar Gold ... 100 to 1

Bar Silver ... 100 to 1

Bar Platinum ... 100 to 1

Bar Palladium ... 100 to 1

Bar Rhodium ... 100 to 1

Bar Iridium ... 100 to 1

Bar Osmium ... 100 to 1

Bar Tellurium ... 100 to 1

Bar Selenium ... 100 to 1

Bar Arsenic ... 100 to 1

Bar Antimony ... 100 to 1

Bar Bismuth ... 100 to 1

Bar Lead ... 100 to 1

Bar Tin ... 100 to 1

Bar Copper ... 100 to 1

Bar Zinc ... 100 to 1

Bar Nickel ... 100 to 1

Bar Cobalt ... 100 to 1

Exchange.

Selling.

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